Fundamentals of Insurance



Who is Tena B. Crews?

- University of South Carolina
- College of Hospitality, Retail and Sport Management
- Associate Professor of Technology Support & Training Management

and

- Director of Online Learning & Development and
 - Center for Teaching Excellence
- Associate Director of Technology Teaching Excellence

Can't keep a job

- Business Educator
 - Hanover, IN (1983-1985)
- Don't recall job title probably didn't have one
 - Indianapolis, IN (1985-1986)
- ISS Supervisor
 - Duluth, GA (1986-1987)
- Business Educator
 - Snellville, GA (1987 1992)
 - Motto: Snellville Where everybody's somebody!
- Graduate Teaching Assistant
 - University of Georgia (1992-1993) Famous for flunking ST
- Business Technology Instructor
 - North GA Technical College (1993-1994)



Can't keep a job

- Technology Coordinator Elementary School
 - Suwanee, GA (1994-1996)
- Assistant Professor
 - Ball State University (1996-1998)
- Associate Professor & Director of OL Learning
 - West Georgia University (1998-2003)
- Associate Professor, Associate Director of Technology Teaching Excellence, & Director of OL and Development, etc.
 - University of South Carolina (2003 Present)
- Looking for a job!



Interest in Insurance

- Georgia Curriculum Development
- 1999 Team Leader
- Business Education Teachers
 - Throughout Georgia
- Won't Lie
 - Book
 - Insurance Consultant
- Now Updated Version
 - 2nd Edition



Is this like your school?

School Answering Service





Women vs. Men

- Do you know what a woman and insurance have in common?
 - They are both expensive, difficult to understand and what you get is not guaranteed!
- Do you know the differences between a man and a whole life policy?
 - *A whole life policy eventually matures!

http://www.barricksinsurance.com/insurance_jokes.html

Typically. . .

• I typically use active notetaking with my students.

• Active notetaking is a good tool to use with students.

- I'm here to give you more tools/resources!
- Let's get started!

Brainwriting Activity Steps

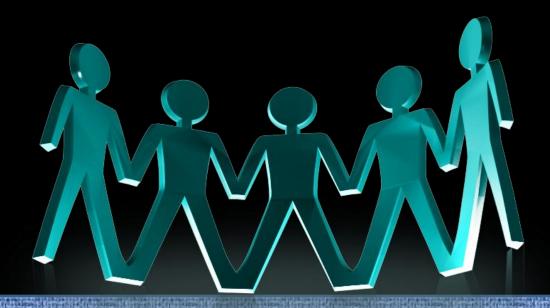
- Everyone gets a white index card
- Get in groups of 3-4 and get in a circle
- There will be NO talking
- Each of you:
 - On your index card (and without talking) write the definition of insurance in your own words.
- After you have finished writing your definition, pass your card to the person on your left and accept the card from the person on your right.
- Now on the index card you were just given, WITHOUT TALKING edit the definition of the term insurance.

Brainwriting Continued

- Exchange cards again
- Edit the definition of the term: insurance again
- Continue until you have edited each index card
- Designate a leader of the group
- The leader should read all cards aloud to his/her group
- Now, using this information, the group should develop their definition of insurance

Definition of Insurance

- Each group will report out
 - (Group 1, Group 2, etc.)
- Let's develop the "class definition" of insurance.



Why Teach Insurance?

- Society changes
- Students working part-time, full-time even while in high school
- Insurance education is important to teach to high school students
 - February 2005
 - 58% of high school seniors are employed
 - Worked part-time even in 1994
 - 42% of high school seniors
 - 33% of juniors
 - 15% of sophomores worked part-time
 - (Science News, 2001).



Working Students: February 2005

- Out of Every 10 High School Seniors
 - 4 were not working
 - 2 worked 15 hours per week or less
 - 4 worked more than 15 hours per week
- What Kind of Jobs?
 - 70% restaurants or sales clerks
 - Others were working "pink collar" jobs
 - Clerical, childcare, technical work
 - Others were working "blue collar" jobs
 - Construction, farms, warehouses



Research Continued

- September 2007
 - Effects of part-time work on school achievement during high school
 - Approximately 80% of high school students work some time during high school.
 - It is perceived by many adolescents as an integral part of their identity.

USA Today

- 17 year old
 - Hopes his senior year of high school will be less stressful than his junior year.
- "It was a pretty overwhelming workload."
- Besides taking two Advanced Placement classes, honors chemistry, math and electives, he served on the student council organizing community service projects, took a cultural diversity class at a community college for college credit, participated in his school's alcohol awareness group, did volunteer work, took tennis lessons and held down a part-time job.

» by Sharon Jayson August 2006

Perfect Timing to Teach Insurance



- Students are involved in the work world and education world at the same time
- Teachers should take the opportunity to teach insurance in a pseudo-real-world setting
- Work-study/apprenticeship students
- Help create wise consumers

How To Incorporate Insurance Into Other Courses

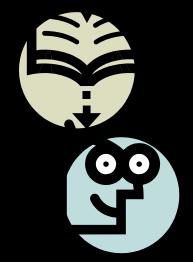
- Mary Ann Hale: Collins Hill HS Gwinnett Co.
 - "In my Business Concepts class, which is primarily for 9th and 10th grade students, we go briefly into auto, health, home, life and unemployment insurance. The students have an actual project where they must purchase an automobile and then insure it. We discuss the different types of health and life insurance. We discuss the need for home/apartment insurance and also discuss the importance of unemployment insurance."

Teach a Course in Insurance

- Georgia
 - Risk Management & Insurance
 - Updated from 1999 curriculum
- See Handout
- www.doe.k12.ga.us/_documents/curriculum/edtech/financial.pdf



How To Incorporate Insurance Into Other Courses



- Business Law
- Business Management
- Entrepreneurship
- Family Consumer Science
- Marketing
- Career Concepts
- Co-op Courses
 - Apprenticeship
 - Work Study

Any other courses you'll be teaching?

Insurance Exploration

- Web Scavenger Hunt
- See Handouts
 - Insurance Exploration
 - Additional Handouts
 - www.iii.org



Careers in Insurance: www.bls.gov



- U.S. Department of Labor
 Bureau of Statistics
 - Occupational Outlook Handbook
- A few careers include:
 - Insurance adjuster
 - Adjuster, appraisers, examiners
 - Insurance broker
 - Insurance sales agent
 - Insurance claims
 - Policy processing clerks
 - Insurance investigators
 - Insurance managers
 - Insurance underwriters

http://www.bls.gov/oco/

Occupational Outlook Handbook (OOH), 2006-07 Edition

For hundreds of different types of jobs—such as <u>teacher</u>, <u>lawyer</u>, and <u>nurse</u>—the Occupational Outlook Handbook tells you:

- the training and education needed
- earnings
- expected job prospects
- what workers do on the job
- working conditions

In addition, the *Handbook* gives you job search tips, links to information about the job market in each State, and more.

Ways to use the Occupational Outlook Handbook site: (1) To find out about a specific occupation or topic, use the Search box that is on every page—enter your search term in the box. (2) To find out about many occupations, browse through listings using the Occupations links that are on the right side of each page. (3) For a listing of all occupations in alphabetical order, go to the A-Z Index and select a letter.



Occupations:

- Management
- Professional
- Service
- Sales
- Administrative
- Farming
- Construction
- Installation
- Production
- Transportation
- Armed Forces

Related Links:

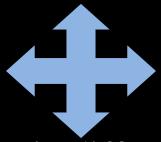
- Tomorrow's Jobs
- OOH Reprints
- Important Info
- How to Order a Copy

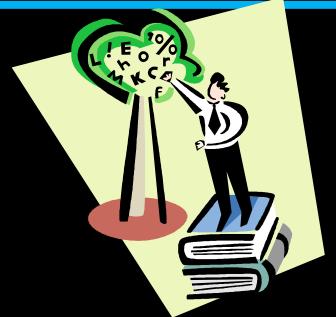
http://online.onetcenter.org/



Student Learning Styles

- Visual Learners
- Auditory Learners
- Kinesthetic Learners





- Students learn in different ways
- Most students use a combination of the three styles
- Incorporated all styles in your classroom
- Many millenials have dual learning styles

How do I listen to Students and know their learning style?

Listen Carefully

- Visual
 - People who are influenced by seeing
 - Use words like: Let me see, I can picture that, Look at it this way, Paint me a picture, etc.
- Auditory
 - People who are influenced by hearing
 - Use words like: I hear what you're saying, That rings a bell, That sounds like, Your tone, It doesn't read right, etc.

Listen Carefully

- Kinesthetic
 - People who are influenced by feeling
 - Use words like: That touched me, I feel, I can handle that, It moves me when, etc.
- Logical
 - People who are influenced by thinking and conceptualizing
 - Use words like: I understand, Please consider, I think, I comprehend, Let's analyze that, etc.

But more importantly – think about: Who You Are Teaching

There are more differences in the classroom than what we think of as typical learning styles.

Traditionalist: Born 1900-1945

(In 2009 = Age 64-109)

- Career Goal
 - Build a legacy
 - Loyal to a fault
 - Expect to build a lifetime career with one employer, or at least in a single field, and to make a lasting contribution
- Balance
 - Support me in shifting the balance
 - · Reached a point of financial and career stability
 - They are able to ask for more balance, yet they want the support and the approval of their employers in making the shift, including the transition to retirement
- Feedback
 - No news is good news
 - Strong, silent types of leaders weren't long on praise
 - (they weren't even long on words)
 - But if something was said about your performance, they meant it

Baby Boomers: Born 1946-1964

(In 2009 = Age 45-63)

Career Goal

- Build a stellar career
- Listening to tick of career clock, they find themselves questioning where they've been & where they're going.

Balance

- Help me balance everyone else and find meaning myself.
- Realized there simply isn't enough time to go around, and are asking for help in achieving a better balance.

Feedback

- Once a year, with lots of documentation!
- Raised with the pop psychology of the sixties that said people should open up.
- Have forced Traditionalist bosses to sit down with them on a regular basis and let them know where they stand.

Generation Xers: Born 1965-1980

(In 2009 = Age 29-44)

Career Goal

- Build a portable career
- Looking for career security rather than job security
- Believe in building a repertoire of skills to take with them
- Constantly pulling out their career maps to double check that they are headed in the right direction

Balance

- Give me balance now, not when I'm 65!
- Have adult concerns, including young children
- Want time and flexibility to take care of them

Feedback

- Sorry to interrupt, but how am I doing?
- Immediate feedback

Millennials: Born 1981-1999

(In 2009 = Age 10-28)

Career Goal

- Build parallel careers
- Just beginning to enter workforce
- Have grown up multi-tasking & believe they will be able to pursue more than one line of work at a time

• Balance

- Work isn't everything; flexibility to balance activities is
- Most over-programmed generation ever, have had the concept of balance drummed into their heads since birth by their Boomer parents.

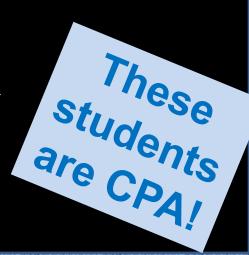
Feedback

- Instantaneous feedback
- Feedback whenever I want it at the push of a button
- We can only imagine what they will expect.



Millennials Continue

- Also called
 - Generation Y
 - Echo-Boomers
- Have been shuttled from one organized activity to another
 - Soccer, scouting, little league, etc.
- Everyone gets a trophy or ribbon
- Better followers than leaders
- Want instant gratification
- Extremely materialistic

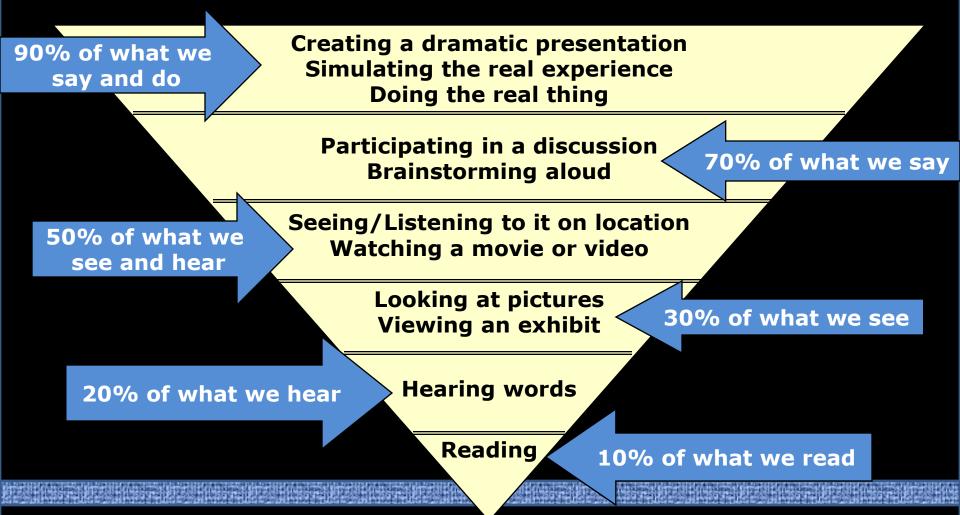


Designing Lesson Plans

- Active Learning
 - Involve students physically
 - Involve students mentally
- Help students think for themselves
- Help students be responsible for their learning
- Help student learn how to learn
- Engage your students
- Lesson Plans Handouts
 - Introduction to Insurance
 - Auto Insurance Jigsaw Lesson



After Two Weeks: What do we tend to remember?



Let's Get Active

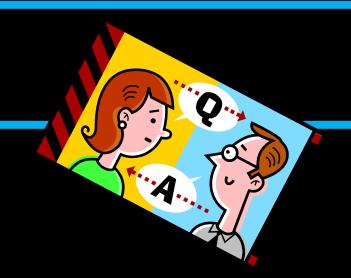
Silent/Written Conversation

- Pair up with a neighbor
- Use one note card and one pen/pencil EACH
- Each person write down a question on the note card
- This questions should be something from the lesson today or previous lesson to which you do NOT know the answer.
- Exchange your note card with your partner
- Write your answer to his/her question on the note card and he/she will do the same
- Pass the note card back so he/she can read your answer
- If you re are still not clear about the answer, write something so that they will expand on the answers for clarification
- OR
- Turn the note card over and write another question
- Pass the note card to your partner, etc.



What did you find?

- Answer to many questions
- Simple to do
- Just a bit different
- Different learning style
- Involves the students
- After the silent conversation
 - You could have students present information
 - You could have students with like questions pair up and investigate further
 - You could user as a bell ringer, sponge activity each day
 - You could...



Students Involved in Peer Teaching

- Pairing students to complete tasks
 - More effective than having students work alone
- Cooperative Learning Groups
 - Divide students into groups
 - Divide and conquer! ☺
- Students who are required to teach, learn concepts better
 - Think about what you do daily
- Incorporate this into your classroom
 - See it
 - Do it
 - Teach it





Do students know how to be active?

- Students may need you to teach them how:
 - Practice decision making skills
 - Give students particular roles to play may be conflicting roles
 - Practice negotiation/conflict resolution skills
 - Practice not only problem solving
 - But how to figure out what the problem is!
 - Practice compromising
 - Practice makes perfect

Active Learning

- Integrate the first day of class
- Give students a chance to meet each other
- Give students a chance to become familiar/comfortable with their peers
- Give students a chance to become familiar/comfortable with their surroundings
- Help students realize that they can depend on each other to support their learning effort
- Teach your administrators

Active Learning



- You (the teacher) should demonstrate by being active too
 - The teacher should be involved in the activities
- If the class has to write
 - Then the teacher has to write
- If the class is involved in a demonstration
 - Then the teacher should be involved in the demonstration
- It is important for the students to see the teacher
 - Thinking about the situation or question too
- The teacher should share as the students are required to share

Active Learning

- Give students a chance to become familiar/comfortable with peers
 - Liar Liar
 - Initially to get to know each other
 - Later, can tweak to use as a lesson review
- Give students a chance to become with surroundings
 - Silent Birthday Line
 - Tweak Important dates
 - List event on large card, assign each person an event and give them card, they get in order
 - If they don't know others will help
- Help student realize they can depend on each other to support their learning

You are going to lecture



- You're going to lecture
 - Tell the students prior to the lecture
 - "Use your listening team/partner today to listen for three reasons why. . ."
- Lecture for 10 minutes
- Have students
 - Listen for and take notes on three reasons why. . .
 - Get with their listening team/partner and compare notes
 - Discuss what they listened for, what they think the three reasons are, share with the class, etc. . .

Beach Ball

- Blue Card = Automobile Insurance
- Pink Card = Health Insurance
- Green Card = Workers' Compensation or Unemployment Insurance
- Yellow Card = Renter's and Homeowner's Insurance
- Purple = Life Insurance
- White = Disability and Long Term Care Insurance

Do you use these?



- Debates
- Pro/Con Grid
- Paraphrasing
- Three-point summary
- Exampling
- Think-pair-share
- Whips
- Concept Mapping
- Chunking
- Curved line



Think Pair (or Group) Share

- Give students a task to solve
 - Such as questions or problems or case studies
- Think
 - Have them work on it alone for about 2-5 minutes
- Pair (or Group)
 - Then have them work with another student(s)
- Share
 - Ask or choose student pairs to share their ideas with the whole class

Group Work with Duties

- Leader
 - How are we going to do this, makes decisions, leads group
- Facilitator
 - Makes sure everyone is involved
- Recorder
 - Records what decisions were made by group
 - For example, top five reasons for buying insurance
- Reporter
 - Reports to the class or teacher (oral or written)
- Possibly Observer
 - Observes group dynamics and makes suggestions on how to better work together (oral or written for teacher)

Whips

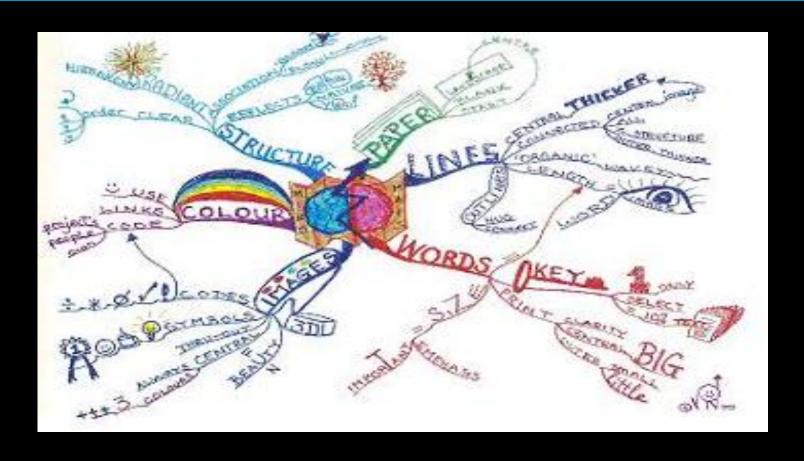
- This technique is best applied in small groups
- Ask a question
 - Require a response from every student very quickly
 - Students must give unique answers
 - For example: Why is insurance necessary?
- State part of a sentence
 - Have the students verbalize a completion of a statement
 - For example: Automobile insurance is . . .
 - And. . .repeat answer from previous person as well

Concept Mapping

- Students create visual representations of
 - Models
 - Ideas
 - Relationships between concepts
- Draw circles containing concepts
 - Add lines with connecting phrases on the lines between concepts
 - Mindmapping, Fishboning, Inspiration Software
- Individually or in groups
 - Share
 - Discuss
 - Critique

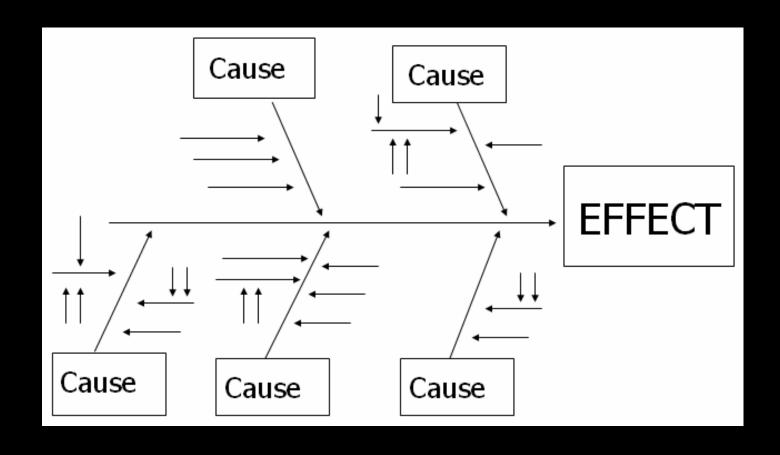
Mindmapping:

What if the concept was unemployment insurance?



Fishboning:

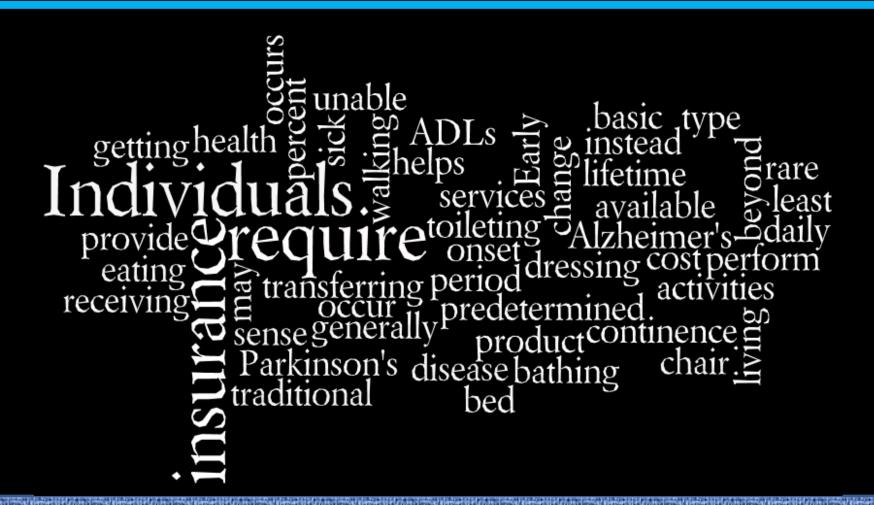
What if the effect was higher insurance premiums?



Wordle.net Insurance



Wordle.net Insurance



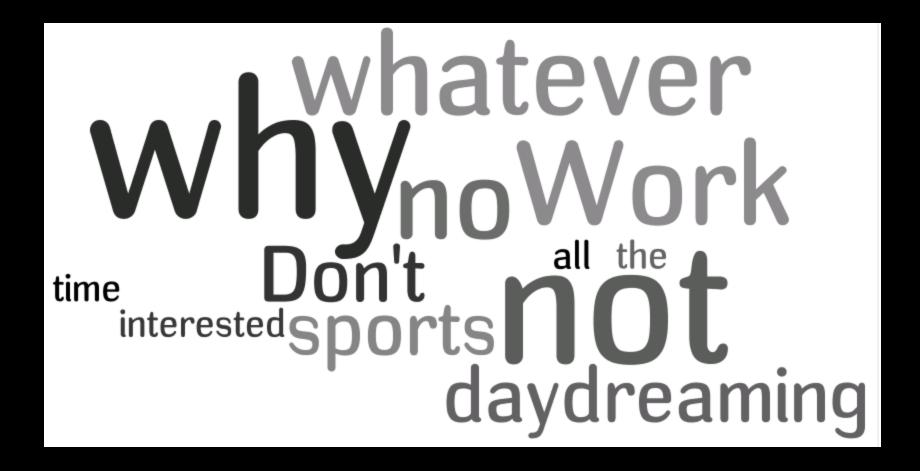
Text for Long Term Care Wordle

- An insurance product helps provide for the cost of beyond a predetermined period. Individuals who require generally not sick in the traditional sense, but instead, are unable to perform the basic activities of daily living (ADLs) such as dressing, bathing, eating, toileting, continence, transferring (getting in and out of a bed or chair), and walking. About 60 percent of individuals over 65 will require at least some type of services during their lifetime. About 40% of those receiving are between 18 and 64. Once a change of health occurs insurance may not be available. Early onset (before 65) Alzheimer's and Parkinson's disease are rare but do occur.
 - *Deleted words Long Term Care and Age

Wordle Yourself for Introductions



Have Students Wordle Themselves



Wikis & Blogs

- Build basic shell of Wiki and let students build
 - www.wikispaces.com
 - wikisineducation.wetpaint.com
 - etc.
- Build blog and let students journal (private or public)
 - www.blogger.com
 - www.blogs4me.com
 - etc.

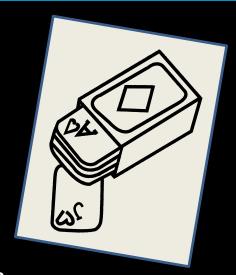
The Curvy Line

- A curvy line follows the natural sequence of the eye and is more visually appealing.
- It works great for timelines and directions.
 - See Timeline in the lesson plan



Insurance Activities

- Dealing a Good Hand
 - See Handout
 - Along with
 - 6 Insurance Activities from Horace Mann





Remember these points:

- Active learning is used to achieve objectives and explicit learning goals
- Activities must be appropriate to course goals
- Learning is not a one-shot event
- Learning comes in waves

Does Everyone Need Insurance?

• Needing insurance is like needing a parachute.

• If it isn't there the first time, chances are you won't be needing it again!



What You Need to Teach Insurance

- Climbing the Ladder
- Insurance Scene
- Checkpoint
- Net Bookmark
- Interesting Facts
- Ethics in Action
- Flat World
- Tech Talk

- Insurance Math Connections
- Think Critically
- Make Academic Connections
- Chapter Summary
- Vocabulary Builder
- Apply What You Learned
- Review Concepts
- Look in book: vi-ix

Topics To Include

- Insurance Basics
- Automobile Insurance
- Health Insurance
- Workers' Compensation and Unemployment Insurance
- Retirement Plans
- Renter's and Homeowner's Insurance
- Life Insurance
- Disability and Long Term Care
- Be a Wise Consumer



Now the "FUN" damentals

• The following are actual statements found on insurance forms where drivers attempt to summarize the details of an accident in the fewest words possible. This list is taken from the archives of the computer science department at the University College of Dublin.

http://www.geocities.com/pitcherins/funinfo.htm



Believe it or not!

- The telephone pole was approaching. I was attempting to swerve out of its way, when it struck the front end.
- I was sure the old fellow would never make it to the other side of the road when I struck him.
- The pedestrian had no idea which direction to run, so I ran him down.
- I saw a slow-moving, sad-faced old gentleman as he bounced off the hood of my car.
- The indirect cause of the accident was a little guy in a small car with a big mouth.
- I was thrown from my car as it left the road. I was found in a ditch by some stray cows.
- I pulled away from the side of the road, glanced at my mother-in-law, and headed over the embankment.

Did You Know?

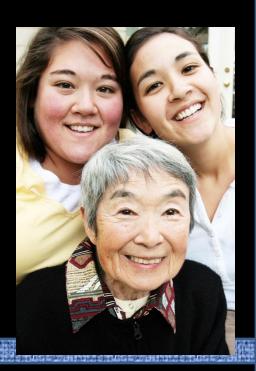


- That long term care services are expensive?
- The cost of one year in a nursing home can exceed \$50,000 (and that's just room and board. It doesn't include the cost of drugs, incidental supplies, etc.).
- The cost of home care for only three 8-hour shifts per week can easily exceed \$20,000 a year.
- Both of these costs can be significantly higher in high-cost areas. And that's before inflation!
- Paying for long term care can easily exhaust your savings.



Long term care is just for "old" people

- Long term care is not just for senior citizens?
 - -Over 40% of people who are receiving long term care are under age 65.
 - They may need continuing care due to a serious accident, stroke, brain tumor, multiple sclerosis, Parkinson's disease, etc.



Did You Know?

- Concern about the consequences of mold contamination has become one of today's top subjects.
- The implications of the emerging mold issue for insurance and the economy are serious.
 - Mold PowerPoint Slide Show



Did You Know?

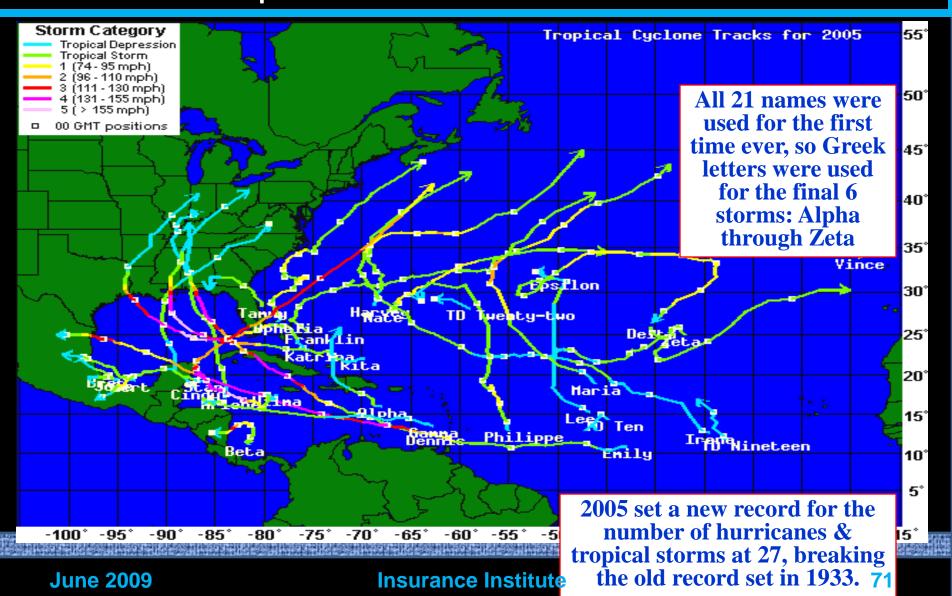
- The terrorist attack of September 11, 2001 was the most expensive loss in the history of the insurance industry.
 - The shock waves from this event will impact the price and availability of insurance coverage for years to come.
 - Over 100 insurers around the globe are expected to pay an estimated \$40 billion or more dollars in the course of settling tens of thousands of claims.
 - 9/11 PowerPoint Slide Show



Did You Know???

- Hurricane season is coming. . .
 - Hurricane Katrina was the deadliest hurricane to strike the U.S. since 1928
 - Hurricanes Katrina, Rita, Wilma, & Dennis produced a record 3.2 million claims
 - Seven (7) of the 10 most expensive hurricanes in US
 history occurred in the 14 months from Aug. 2004 Oct.
 2005
 - Katrina, Rita, Wilma, Charley, Ivan, Frances & Jeanne

2005 Was a Busy, Destructive, Deadly & Expensive Hurricane Season



Damage Caused by Hurricane of 1938

- 700 deaths, 708 injured
- 4,500 homes, cottages, farms destroyed; 15,000 damaged
- 26,000 destroyed automobiles
- 20,000 miles of electrical power and telephone lines downed
- 1,700 livestock and up to 750,000 chickens killed
- \$2,610,000 worth of fishing boats, equipment, docks, and shore plants damaged or destroyed
- Half the entire apple crop destroyed at a cost of \$2 million

What could students do with this information?

You don't have to give them all of the information. . .let them find or create information on their own.

Pencil Activity

Be a facilitator of knowledge.

Check the Web

- www.iii.org
 - Insurance Information Institute
- www.siisinfo.org
 - Southwestern Insurance
 Information Services
- www.ohioinsurance.org
 - Ohio Insurance Institute

Insurance Issues:

Found at just 1 web site! www.iii.org

Arson

Asbestos Liability

Auto Safety and Crashworthiness

Auto Theft

Captives and Other Risk-Financing Options

Catastrophes: Insurance Issues

Cell Phones and Driving

Compulsory Auto Insurance

Credit-Based Insurance Scoring

Crop Insurance

Dog Bite Liability

Drunk Driving

Earthquakes: Risk and Insurance Issues

Environmental Pollution: Insurance Issues

Financial and Market Conditions

Generic Auto Crash Parts

Hurricane and Windstorm Deductibles

Insurance Fraud

The Liability System

Medical Malpractice

Mold and the Insurance Industry: Truth and

Consequences

No-Fault Auto Insurance

No-Fault Auto Insurance Fraud in New York

State: Problems & Solutions

Older Drivers

Optional Federal Charter

Privacy: Impacts and Implications for the

Insurance Industry

Rates and Regulation

Reinsurance

Residual Markets

Teen Drivers

Terrorism & Its Impact on Insurance and

Urban Insurance Issues

Who Wants to be a Millionaire? No-Fault

Auto Insurance Fraud in New York

Workers Compensation

Southwestern Insurance Information Service



http://www.siisinfo.org



05/03/2006-Texas Windstorm Insurance Association 04/10/2006-THE TEN MOST COSTLY CATASTROPHES 03/22/2006-TEXAS UNINSURED DRIVER FACT SHEET 03/15/2006-The Texas Windstorm Insurance Association: 02/14/2005-Credit And Insurance - Myth vs. Fact 01/19/2005-The Facts About Credit Information and Insurance 11/10/2004-Seven Principles of Insurance 10/26/2004-Do You Have Enough Insurance? 08/30/2004-Pre-Storm Insurance Tips 06/04/2004-Selecting a Contractor after a storm 04/20/2004-The Truth About Texas Homeowners Insurance Industry 04/12/2004-Flood Tips For Consumers 04/02/2004-Workers Compensation Powerpoint Presentation 02/12/2004-TEXAS WORKERS COMPENSATION INSURANCE 01/12/2004-Winter Weather Tips 12/30/2003-A Consumers Guide To Understanding Why Credit Information Is 12/30/2003-Auto Theft Facts 12/30/2003-Claims Litigation Counsel 12/30/2003-Competitive Auto Replacement Parts 12/30/2003-County Mutuals In Texas 12/30/2003-Credit and Insurance

Scroll Down for more articles

View Document

Home Inventory Program

www.iii.org



Animated House

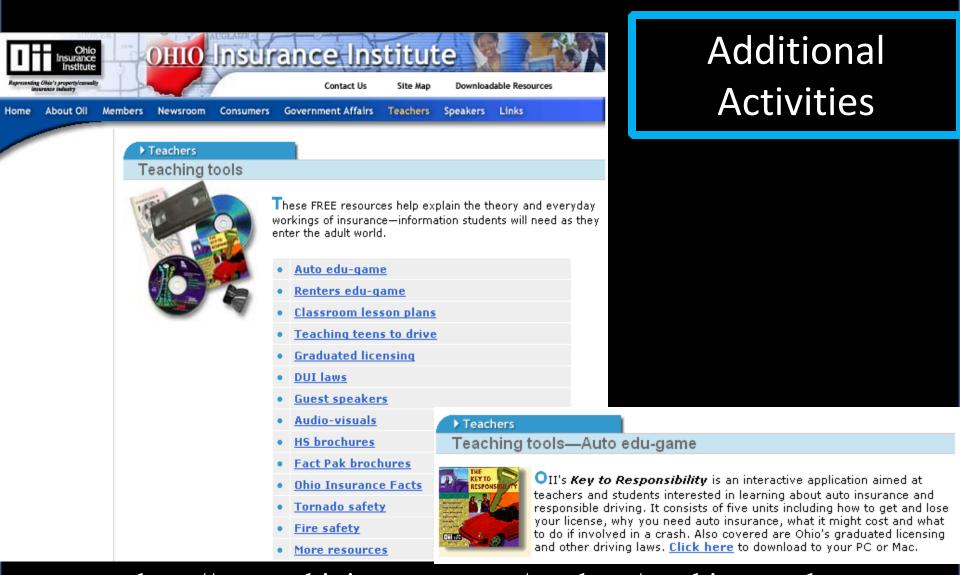
Scroll your mouse over each room to see some of the things from which renters insurance may protect you. (Be sure to check-out the kitchen... note: this is the wrong way to cook Ramen noodles.)



Additional Activities

Click here to download PDF file of animated house.

http://www.ohioinsurance.org/renters_insurance/house.htm



http://www.ohioinsurance.org/teachers/teaching_tools.asp

MoneyInsturctor.com:

http://www.moneyinstructor.com/lesson/insurancetypelp.asp

INSURANCE LESSON PLAN POLICY QUESTIONS TYPES TEACHING AND LEARNING SAMPLE EXAMPLE STUDENTS PRACTICE TEACHER LIFE SKILLS CURRICULUM UNIT



Students learn about an insurance policy, and the basic types of insurance.

Ads by Google

Liability Insurance

INSURANCE INTRODUCTION: TYPES OF INSURANCE

An introductory lesson on understanding insurance, terminology, and the different types of insurance.

Objectives:

- Students will learn about the various kinds of insurance and why it is important in everyday life.
- Students will discuss different coverage that is available to cover risk to which they will be exposed in their lives.

Suggested Grade Levels:

7th-12th grade, Secondary Education High School and Adult Education

INSURANCE LESSON PLAN

Materials:

Insurance Types Lesson (<u>see below</u> for printable lesson)



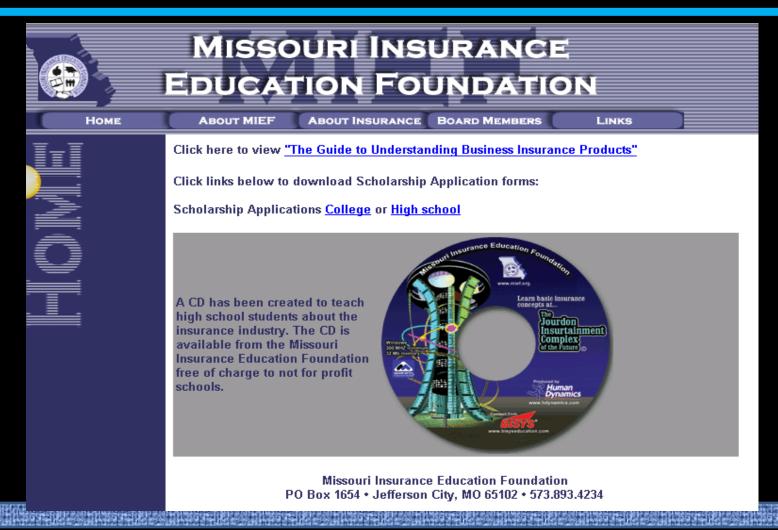








Missouri Insurance Education Foundation: http://mief.org/



http://financial-archives.blogspot.com/2008/04/arkansas-home-insurance-tips-for-more.html



Arkansas Home Insurance -- Tips For More Affordable Rates

By Whoknowstech.com

By Chimezirim Gabriel Odimba

Arkansas <u>home insurance</u>: There are tips you must understand and apply if you're truly committed to getting huge discounts. Following are a few of such things...

1. Don't buy a house without obtaining a CLUE (comprehensive Loss Underwriting Exchange) report if you are determined to save on home insurance. This report will reveal issues that could cost you in insurance.

Residing in a town that has just a volunteer fire service, for example, will surely mean you'll pay more expensive rates. In addition, the distance of a home to the closest fire hydrant affects home <u>insurance rates</u> as well as how near it is to a police station.

These types of relevant details should be gathered before you pay for a house. The little savings you made on a home purchase might pale in significance to the premiums you'll pay in a few years.

http://www.careers-in-finance.com/in.htm

Careers in Finance

Insurance

Overview
Skills & Talents
Job Options
Salaries
Links & Resources
Facts & Trends
Firm Listing
Job Listings

Site Info About Us Advertising



Insurance: Overview

Did you know that some of the hottest jobs in finance aren't on Wall Street at all? These are jobs in insurance. Insurance is a trillion dollar business that employs more than 2.5 million people in the United States alone. As the population ages and wealth grows, the demand for insurance professionals will increase dramatically. This is great news for you if your thinking of going in to insurance. Jobs in insurance involve helping individuals and business manage risk to protect themselves from catastrophic losses and to anticipate potential risk problems. Work in this area is not only personally rewarding, but can be financially rewarding as well. You will help clients understand their insurance needs, explain their options to them and hopefully help them purchase appropriate insurance policies. You could work in a variety of areas in insurance including as an underwriter, a sales representative, an asset manager, a customer service rep or an actuary. A theme that is constantly emphasized by insurance professionals is that the industry is ultimately about helping people when they need it the most. The stereotype of a slick, sleazy, fast-talking insurance salesman is largely a figment of the past.

Thanks to Dr. Norma Nielson, Mr. Malott Nyhart, Dr. Bob Puelz and Dr. Michael P. Smith for making suggestions and contributions to our section on careers in insurance.

You are at http://www.careers-in-finance.com/

http://www.careers-in-finance.com/inskill.htm

Insurance: Skills & Talents

Key Skill Area Requirement

People skills: High Sales skills: Medium: Communication skills: High Analytical skills: Medium: Ability to synthesize: Low Creative ability: Medium. Initiative: Medium: Work hours: 35-55/week

Commentary

The Business is About Risk Transfer

Insurance companies are in the business of assuming risk by writing policies which transfer risks from customers to themselves. This work is challenging, complex and likely to continue to prosper.

There are a Variety of Key Business Areas

Insurance companies are in the business either of providing property and casualty insurance (protect owners of cars, business and homes against loss and injury); life insurance or health insurance.

Insurance is one of Finance's Best Kept Secrets

Insurance may be one of the best kept secrets in the field of finance. Most students do not realize the high growth and enormous potential for personal development and advancement that this field offers.

http://career-advice.monster.com/job-industryprofiles/finance/Careers-in-Insurance-Underwriting/home.aspx



MetLife Life Advice:

http://www.metlife.com/Applications/Corporate/WPS/CDA/PageGenerator/0,4773,P1794,00.html

MetLife Home > Life Advice > Insurance Basics >

Disability Income Insurance: An Introduction

Most people insure their material possessions—their homes and cars, for example. But many of these same people don't insure what is probably their most valuable asset — their ability to work and earn income. If you become sick or are injured and can't work, will you be able to pay your bills and maintain your standard of living?

If you depend on your income to pay the bills, you need to seriously consider buying disability income insurance. Disability income insurance can help you pay your bills by replacing a portion of your income. It can help you maintain your current lifestyle, and help protect you and your family from going into serious debt.

Your chances of being disabled at some time during your working career are probably higher than you think. According to the Social Security Administration's Disability Repetits brochure. "Studies show that

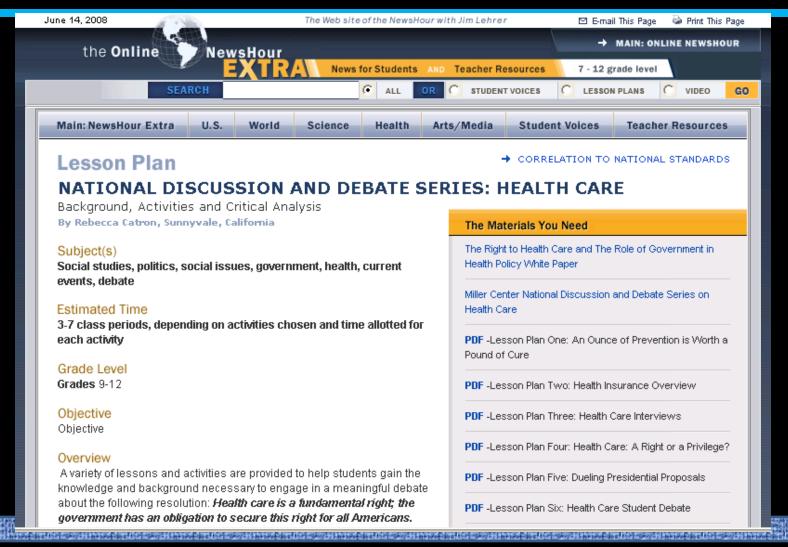
Benefits brochure, "Studies show that a 20-year-old worker has a 3in-10 chance of becoming disabled before reaching retirement
age" (SSA Publication No. 05-10029:
www.ssa.gov/dibplan/index.htm). Of course, the chances that any
one individual will be disabled before retirement depends on many
factors, including age, general health, and occupation.

More About This Topic

- <u>Disability Income</u>
 <u>Insurance: An</u>
 <u>Introduction</u>
- Individual Disability Income Insurance
- Riders on Individual Disability Insurance Policies
- Employer-Provided Disability Income Insurance
- Short-Term vs. Long-Term Disability
- Frequently Asked Ouestions
- How Much Disability Income Insurance Do I Need?
- Social Security Disability Benefit
- How Can I Obtain Coverage?
- For More Information

The Online News Hour

http://www.pbs.org/newshour/extra/teachers/lessonplans/us/jan-june08/miller_healthcare.html



Additional Activities

- Search local newspapers for articles relating to renters insurance. A feature may be on an apartment/house fire where the tenant didn't carry insurance.
- Scenario: You are 20 years old, live in an apartment, and own \$30,000 in personal property. Contact a local insurance agent or search the web to obtain quotes based on your personal property and varying deductibles.
- Divide into groups and debate the pros and cons of carrying renters insurance.

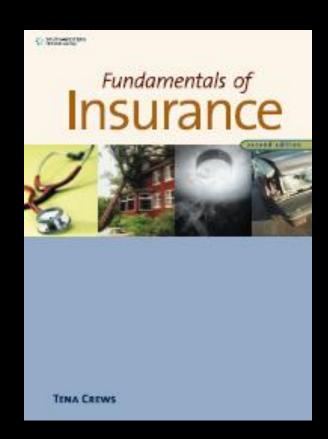
Additional Activities

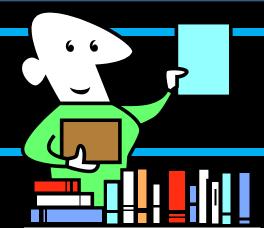
- Sharing Ideas
- Use Common Sense
- Have the students create scenarios
 - Made up or real life
- Tons of Guest Speakers
- Have fun with it!



Additional Resources

- Fundamentals of Insurance
 - -By Tena B. Crews
 - -South-Western Publishing
 - Cengage Learning
- Email me
 - -tcrews@mailbox.sc.edu





Insurance

- Current Information for a Current Classroom Today!
 - Don't be one of these teachers

Teacher Video

If We Have Time

- Have you seen these?
- Did you know?
 - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cL9Wu2kWwS
 Y
- Vision of K-12
 - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=_A-ZVCjfWf8
- Vision of Students Today
 - http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dGCJ46vyR9o

